

OPPORTUNITY

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA LAW SCHOOL

Racial Disparities in the Criminal Justice System

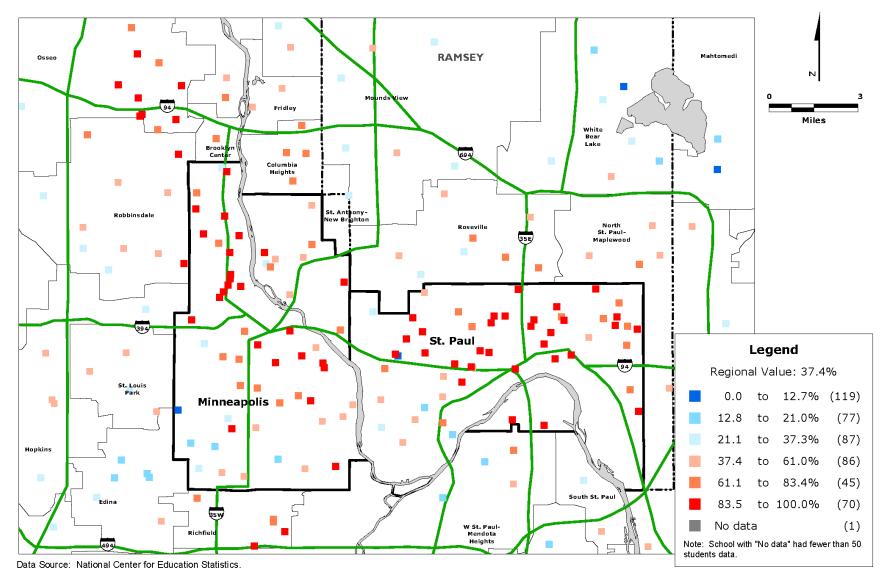
Presentation to Robina Conference Myron Orfield June 7th, 2016



Schools

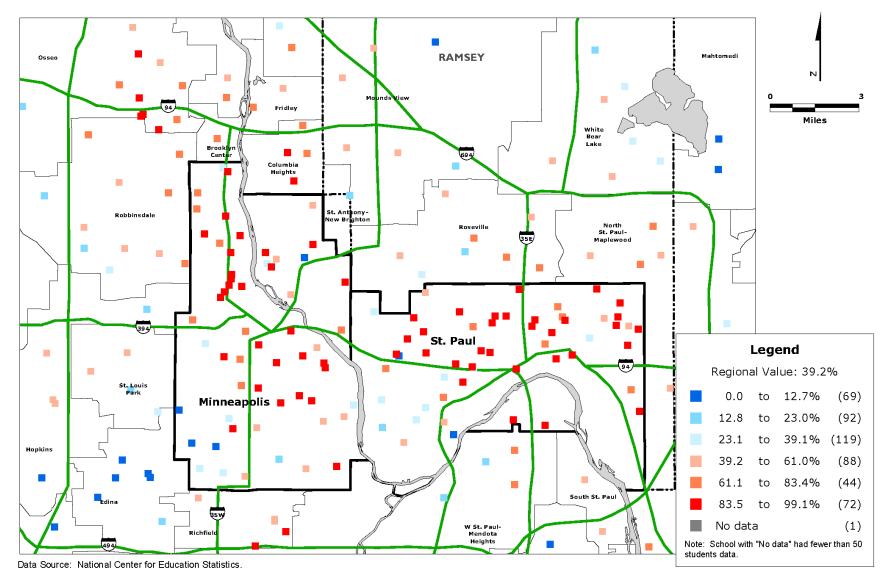


MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Percentage Minority Elementary Students by School, 2013



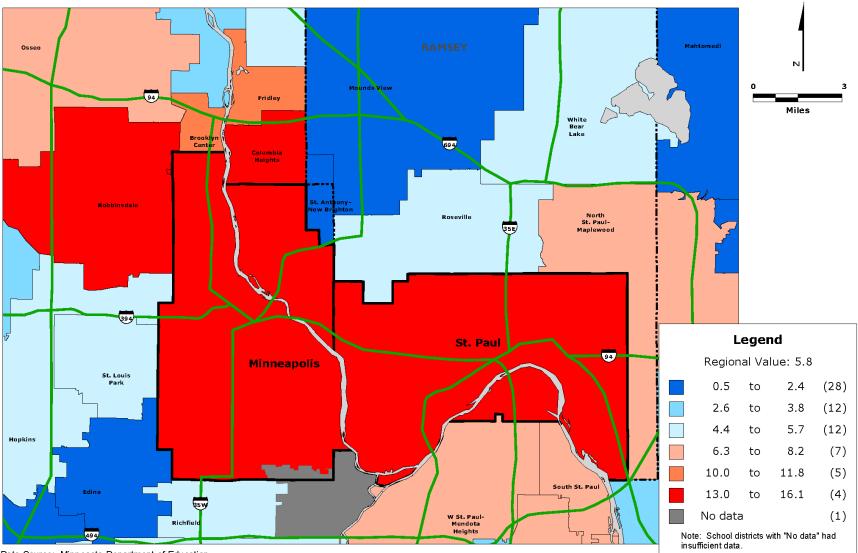


MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Percentage of Elementary Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch by School, 2013





MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Disciplinary Incidents per 100 Students by School Districts, 2013-2014

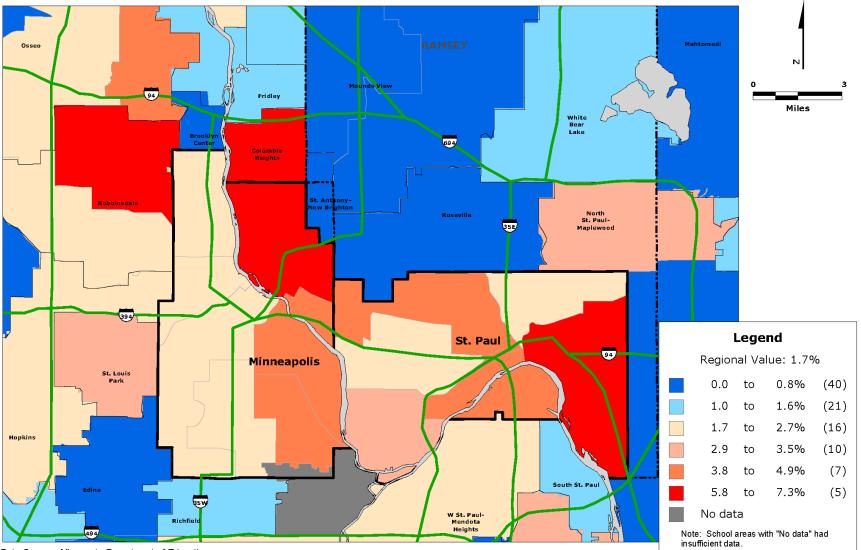


Data Source: Minnesota Department of Education.



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Four Year Dropout Rate by High School Attendance Boundary, 2013-2014

Note: The Four-Year Dropout Rate is based on a four-year cohort of first time ninth grade students plus transfers into the cohort within the four year period minus transfers out of the cohort within the four year period.

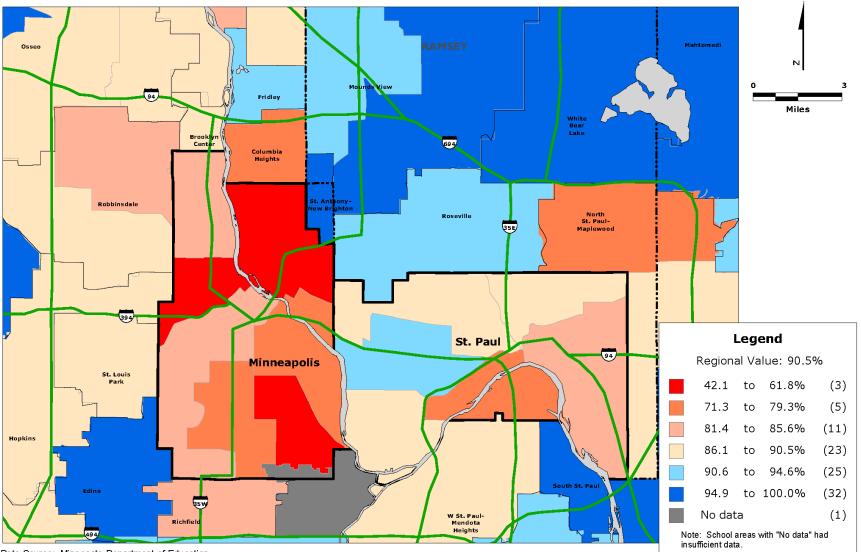


Data Source: Minnesota Department of Education.



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Four Year Graduation Rate by High School Attendance Boundary, 2013-2014

Note: The Four-Year Graduation Rate is a four-year, on-time graduation rate based on a cohort of first time ninth grade students plus transfer into the cohort within the four year period minus transfers out of the cohort within the four year period.



Data Source: Minnesota Department of Education.

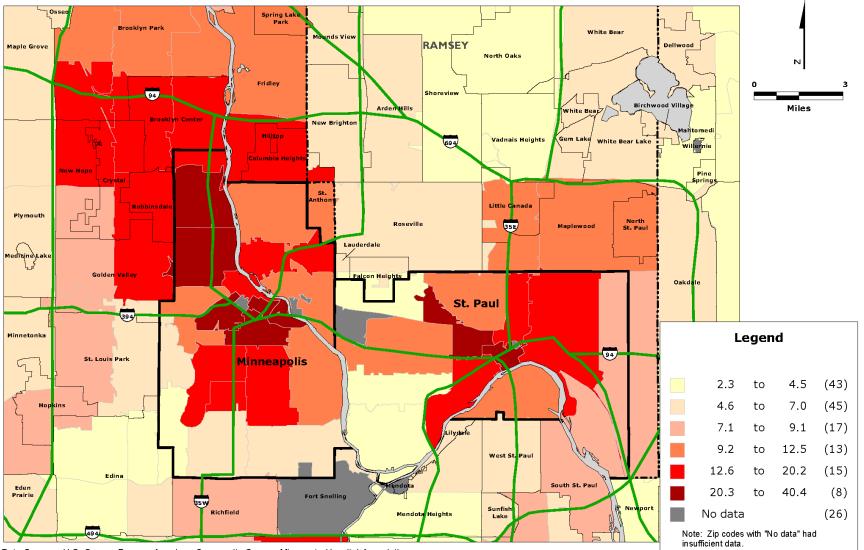


Health



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Age-Adjusted Asthma Hospitalizations per 10,000 by Zip Codes, 2009-2013

Asthma is a chronic disease that makes breathing difficult due to bronchoconstriction (tighteening of the muscles around the airways) and inflammation (swelling) of the bronchial tubes. It is one of the most common chronic diseases in the United States. Asthma episodes can be triggered by many factors including smoke, dust, mold, air pollution, chemical inritants, exercise and others.

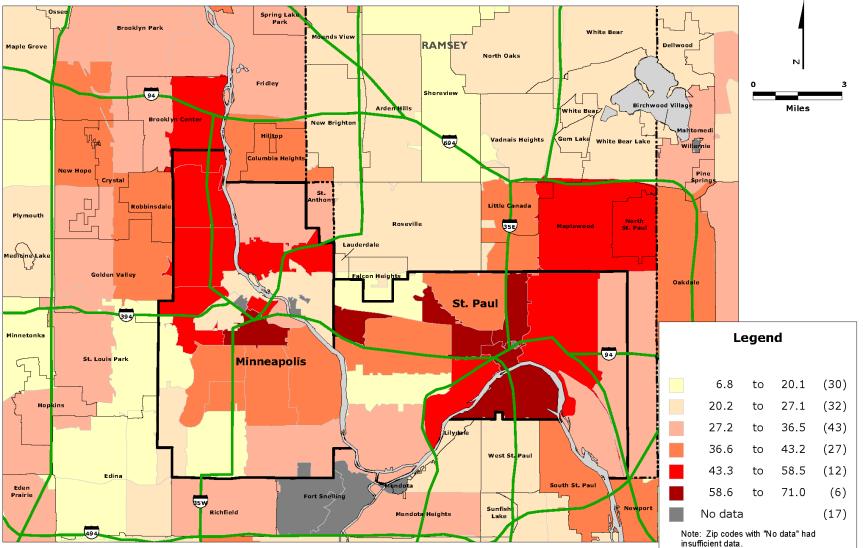


Data Sources: U.S, Census Bureau, American Community Survey; Minnesota Hospital Association.

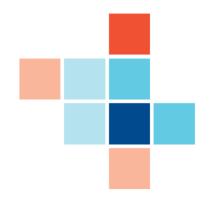


MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Hospitalizations per 10,000 by Zip Codes, 2007-2011

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a group of lung diseases that makes it difficult to breathe. Other names for COPD include emphysem and chronic bronchitis. COPD is the fifth leading cause of death in Minnesota. The symptoms of COPD - shortness of breath, wheezing or coughing, Because COPD worsens over time, COPD hospitalizations occur most often in delter people.



Data Sources: U.S, Census Bureau, American Community Survey; Minnesota Hospital Association.

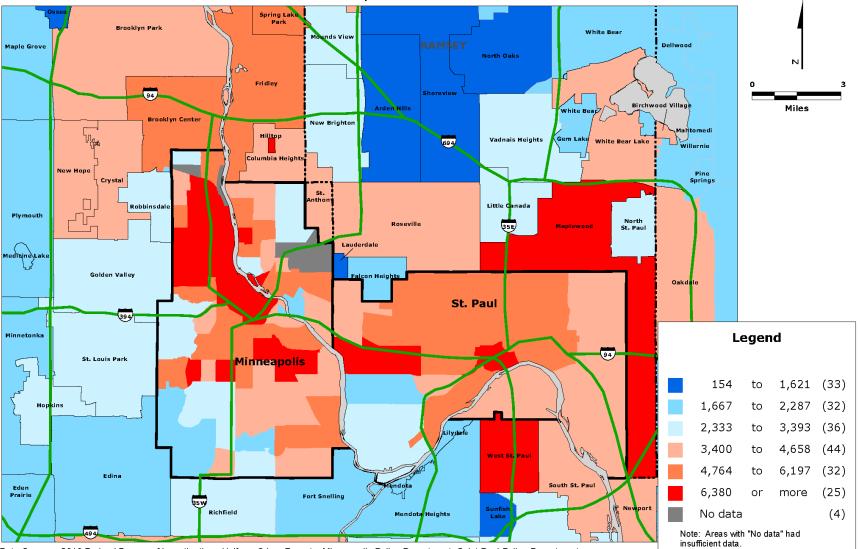


Crime



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: Serious Crimes Per 100,000 Persons by City Neighborhood, Municipality and County Sherriff Jurisdiction, 2010

Serious Crimes include murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft, arson) but not rape, which was not reported uniformly by MN police agencies. Crime data was unreported in 2010 for Brooklyn Park, Burnsville, Columbia Heights, Inver Grove Heights, Jordan, Ramsey (city), South Saint Paul and West Saint Paul. Map values for these places are from 2009 data.

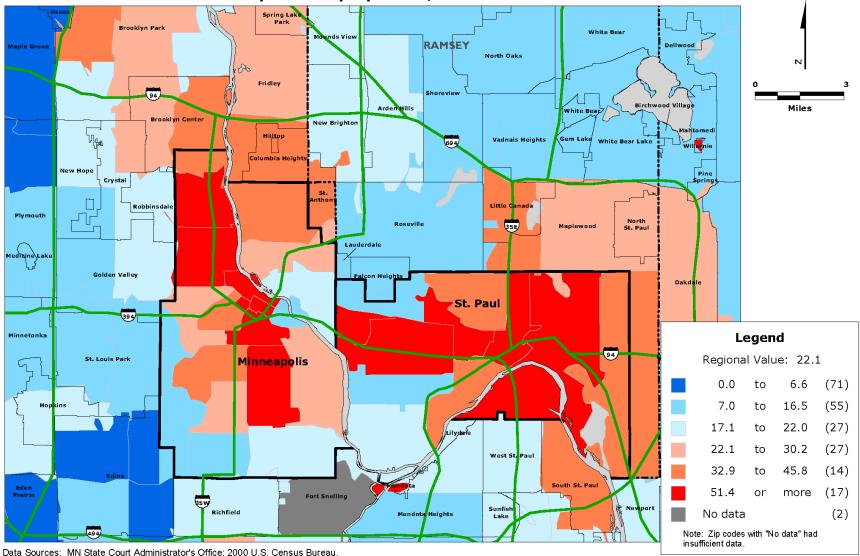


Data Sources: 2010 Federal Bureau of Investigations Uniform Crime Reports, Minneapolis Police Department, Saint Paul Police Department and U.S. Census Bureau.



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION:

Felons per 10,000 Residents convicted in Hennepin, Ramsey, Dakota, Anoka, Washington or Sherburne County Courts by Zip Codes, 2005

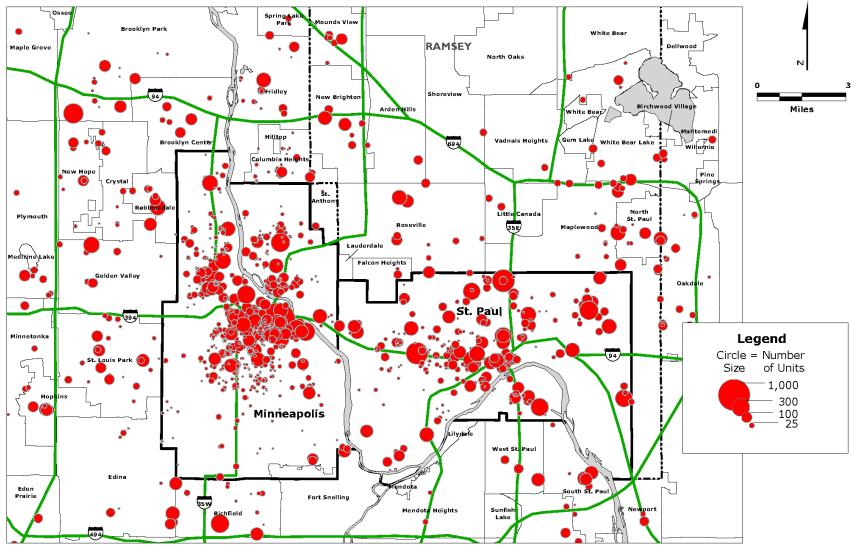




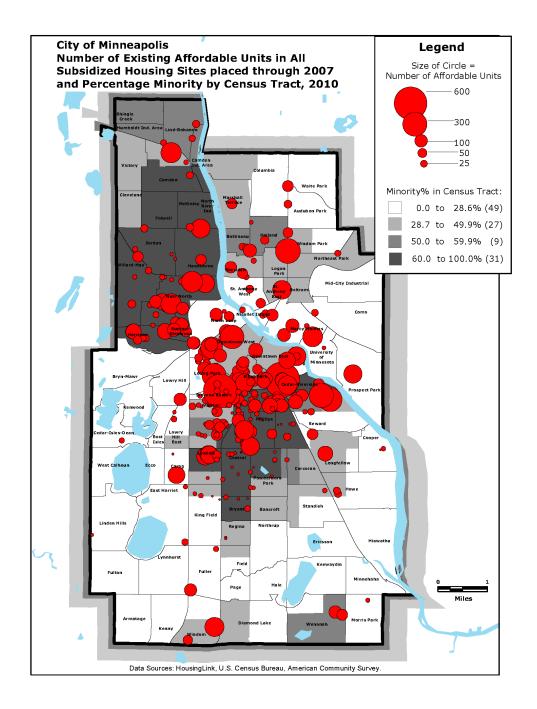
Subsidized Housing



MINNEAPOLIS-SAINT PAUL (CENTRAL) REGION: All Subsidized Housing by Project Site in 2012



Data Sources: HousingLink STREAMS, NCompass, Minnesota Housing





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